

MAL059 - II-Qbiela

Description

II-Qbiela is a large and elevated, artificially constructed reservoir, intended for irrigation and water storage, located in western Malta within Dingli. The reservoir was constructed in the 1980s out of cement and limestone, is 8.5 metres high and covers an approximate area of 1,040m2. The site is not accessible to the public as it can only be accessed through privately-owned agricultural land. The reservoir is predominantly surrounded by agricultural land with numerous pipelines scattered throughout adjacent fields, indicating that it is likely being used for irrigation. Within the basin of the reservoir, Ceratonia siliqua and Ficus carica are present. The site is not protected by any legislation.

General information

Basic information

Wetland location:	Inland
Wetland type:	Artificial
Natural / Artificial:	Concrete reservoir
Area (Ha):	0.10
Hydrological interaction with other wetland:	No -
Water salinity:	Fresh (< 0.5 g/l)
Fresh water entry:	Catchment area (precipitation)
Surface water runoff:	Outflow controlled by pipeline
Open water area (%):	> 95
Hydroperiod:	Permanent
Geographic information	
Census district:	Western
Island:	Malta
Local council:	Had-Dingli
Coordinates (WGS84):	14.382510 E - 35.863260 N
Biological significance	
Biological significance:	Low
	LOW
Ramsar wetland types	
Ramsar type	Coverage (%)
6 Water storage areas; reservoirs/barrages/dams/impound	aments (generally over 8 na)
Property status	
Private	

Protection statuses & other designations

Ecosystem Services, Activities & Impacts

Ecosystem Services

Type of Ecosystem service	Ecosystem service	Scale of Benefit	Importance
Provisioning services	Food		
Provisioning services	Fresh water		

Activities on wetland

Activities	Intensity
020 = Resource conservation	High
110 = Use of pesticides	High
120 = Fertilisation	High
130 = Irrigation	High
701 = water pollution	High

Activities on drainage basin

100 = CultivationMedium110 = Use of pesticidesHigh120 = FertilisationHigh130 = IrrigationHigh401 = continuous urbanisationLow430 = Agricultural structuresHigh502 = roads motorwaysLow	Activities	Intensity
120 = FertilisationHigh130 = IrrigationHigh401 = continuous urbanisationLow430 = Agricultural structuresHigh502 = roads motorwaysLow	100 = Cultivation	Medium
130 = IrrigationHigh401 = continuous urbanisationLow430 = Agricultural structuresHigh502 = roads motorwaysLow	110 = Use of pesticides	High
401 = continuous urbanisationLow430 = Agricultural structuresHigh502 = roads motorwaysLow	120 = Fertilisation	High
430 = Agricultural structuresHigh502 = roads motorwaysLow	130 = Irrigation	High
502 = roads motorways Low	401 = continuous urbanisation	Low
	430 = Agricultural structures	High
	502 = roads motorways	Low
701 = water pollution High	701 = water pollution	High

Impacts

Impact type	Intensity
EE- = Increase of economic potential	
ES- = Increase in water supply	
PF- = Fertilizer/Excess nutrient pollution	
PP- = Pesticide pollution	

Habitats & Vegetation

Vegetation types	
Vegetation type	Coverage (%)
Shrubby / Arborescent	5 - 25

Species

References

Representative Image & Map



